400

Rinne K¹, Kainulainen S¹, Aukee S¹, Nilsson C G²

1. Kuopio University Hospital, 2. Helsinki University Central Hospital

DYNAMIC MRI CONFIRMS SUPPORT OF THE MID-URETHRA BY TVT AND TVT-O SURGERY FOR STRESS INCONTINENCE

Hypothesis / aims of study

The aim was to study changes in the behavior of the mid-urethra of stress urinary incontinent women undergoining either TVT or TVT-obturator sling operations by dynamic MRI.

Study design, materials and methods

In a prospective study forty-two parous women with stress urinary incontinence were recruited to dynamic MR imaging before and after a mid-urethral sling operation. Dynamic MR imaging was performed at rest, during pelvic floor muscle contraction, coughing and voiding with a bladder volume of 200 ml. X- and Y-co-ordinates were used to determine the location of the mid-urethra during these activities.

Results

voiding

The first twenty patients underwent a TVT operation and the subsequent twenty women a TVT-O operation. Two women were excluded because pre-operative MRI could not be performed due to claustrophobia. Four patients refused post-operative MR imaging. Ninety five percent (38/40) of the patients were cured by the operation having a negative cough stress test. The mean urinary incontinence severity score (UISS)[1] improved from 11.1(±4.1) to 1.4(±2.4) and the detrusor instability score (DIS)[2] score changed from 5.5(±2.0) to 3.1(±2.9), both changes were statistical significant p=0.001. No major intra or post-operative complications were detected.

Post-operatively the cured women could elevate their mid-urethra by pelvic floor muscle contraction significantly higher than before the operation (p=0.05). The mid-urethra was located higher post-operatively on the y co-ordinate (p=0.05) during straining, coughing and voiding (Table 1). The vector mobility during different functional manouvers were significantly restricted after mid-urethral sling operation.

Interpretation of results

Dynamic MRI confirms the support of the mid-urethra by TVT and TVT-O surgery for stress incontinence. Despite different support angels between the TVT and the TVT-O mid-urethral sling procedures, we could not see any difference in the movement patterns.

<u>Concluding message</u> The mid –urethral slings are supporting the mid-urethra and restricting the downward movement during different activities. The movement patterns were the same after the TVT- and TVT-O operations.

Table I
The X and Y co-ordinates to determine the middle point of the urethra before and after mid-urethral sling operation

	The x coordinate mean (mm)±sd	sign.	The y coordinate		mean(mm)±	sd
rest						
preoperative	13.3 ± 3.4		-1.8 ± 4.7			
postoperative	13.0 ± 3.3	ns	-0.1 ± 4.7	<0.05		
squeeze						
preoperative	14.5 ± 3.2		0.9 ± 5.1			
postoperative	14.3 ± 2.6	ns	2.7 ± 4.8	<0.05		
straining						
preoperative	2.1 ± 4.6		-9.0 ± 5.1			
postoperative	5.4 ± 5.6	<0.05	-7.1 ± 4.9	<0.05		
coughing						
preoperative	0.3 ± 4.0		-9.1 ± 5.6			
postoperative	3.6 ± 5.8	0.005	-8.0± 4.1	ns		

< 0.001

 -9.3 ± 4.0 -7.5 ± 4.3

0,001

Table II. The movement of the mid-urethra $\sqrt{(x_2-x_1)}+(y_2-y_1)$

	before operation (mm)	after operation (mm)	sign
during pelvic floor contraction	4.8	3.6	0.3
straining	14.6	11.2	0.01
coughing	16.4	12.9	0.002
voiding	17.6	12.7	<0.001

X₂ X co-ordinate in different manouvers, X₁ X co-ordinate at rest, Y₂ Y co-ordinate in different manouvers

References

- 1. Mäkinen J, Kujansuu E, NilssonCG, Penttinen J, Korhonen M. Evaluation and care of urinary incontinence in publichealth organizations. Finnish medical journal 1992;47: 2373-
- 2. Kauppila A, Alavaikko P and Kujansuu E. Detrusor instability score in the evalution of stress urinary incontinence. Acta Obstet Gynecol Scand1982; 61:137-41.

Specify source of funding or grant	Pohjois-Savon Kulttuurirahasto, Finland	
Is this a clinical trial?	Yes	
Is this study registered in a public clinical trials registry?	Yes	
Specify Name of Public Registry, Registration Number	NCT00747370	
Is this a Randomised Controlled Trial (RCT)?	No	
What were the subjects in the study?	HUMAN	
Was this study approved by an ethics committee?	Yes	
Specify Name of Ethics Committee	The Kuopio University Hospital Ethics Committee, Finland	
Was the Declaration of Helsinki followed?	Yes	
Was informed consent obtained from the patients?	Yes	