

## VALIATION OF ULTRA-SOUND ELASTOGRAPHY IN THE POSTOPERATIVE FOLLOW-UP OF MESH GRAFTS IN VAGINAL VAULT REPAIR

### Hypothesis / aims of study

To characterize and analyze the elastographic images of mesh grafts used for vaginal vault repair in order to create a reproducible arithmetical datasets for longitudinal patient follow-up or group comparisons.

### Study design, materials and methods

High definition endoluminal and linear ultrasound probes were used in Elastoscanner®-mode ( Accuvix V20-System, SonoAce / Samsung) to evaluate post operative image after mesh graft vaginal vault prolapse repair. The images of the mesh grafts were matched as B-scan mode and color-coded elastography using alphas blending. With the use of the program Stiffness Measuring Tool (StiffMeTool)“ the gained images (in B-scan mode and as R-G-B-Elastoscanner) were statistically and metrically analyzed. The gained histogram of areas of region of interest (ROI) beside the mesh graft supported the validation of homogeneity of two measurements in the region of interest. The ratio of the two ROI's leads to the diagnostically relevant elasticity index. Calibration was performed using the elastography standard CIRS, Model 049 & 049A.

### Results

298 patients were included in the study. 126 patients had received TVT, 82 received TVTO and 96 received meshes for vault prolapse repair.

Pertinent measurements of postoperative follow-up of mesh grafts are possible as early as 1 to 2 weeks after surgery. Wound healing or postoperative complications can be detected early. Beneficial are the display of the R-G-B histogram of ROI's and the ratio of ROI's in the area of interest, as well as control regions. The creation of an elasticity index adds considerable information compared to the ultrasound B-mode and makes further follow-up measurements matchable. The used software tool (StiffMeTool) can be uploaded as add-in into any system software of any ultrasound elastography system.

### Concluding message

B-mode images and the corresponding elastogram represent a practical, reproducible tool for mesh grafts after vaginal vault repair. Longitudinal and transversal patient data can be documented and compared. The histogram and the elasticity index allow an objective assessment of the "stiffness" of the mesh graft. To achieve reproducible results with different ultrasound probes, calibration is essential. Ultrasound elastography presents a valuable new diagnostic tool for postoperative patient follow-up.

Keywords: Elastography, ultrasonography, stiffness measuring, mesh detection, pelvic floor repair

### Disclosures

**Funding:** non **Clinical Trial:** Yes **Public Registry:** No **RCT:** No **Subjects:** HUMAN **Ethics not Req'd:** postoperative ultrasound follow up will be done at every patient. elastography is a new imaging tool of ultrasound device. **Helsinki:** Yes **Informed Consent:** Yes