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Title (type in CAPITAL LETTERS)	USER EXPERIENCE IN THE NETHERLANDS WITH INTRAVAGINAL DEVICE CONVEEN GUARD IN TREATMENT OF INCONTINENCE

Purpose To test efficacy and effectiveness of Conveen Guard with incontinent women.

Patients and methods A total of 211 women was selected randomly to evaluate in a non-controlled study the Conveen Guard in treatment of incontinence during the period of 1 week.

45% stress incontinence
5% urge incontinence
50% mixed aetiology of stress and urge incontinence

Results 45% of the women was stress incontinent and 50% had a mixed aetiology of stress and urge incontinence. On average the Conveen Guard was used for 9,0 hrs per day (minimum less than 6 hrs, maximum more than 12 hrs). Before the test the degree of incontinence was determined by counting the amount of absorbing pads used per day.

On average these amounted to 2,36 pads per day. During the test the amount of absorbing pads decreased to an average of 0,76 per day. A reduction of 67,8% in pad consumption. Results of studies executed abroad showed that pad consumption decreases even further with extended use.

Conclusion The Conveen Guard appears to be a very effective device in treatment of incontinent women.

