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# FIVE-YEAR OUTCOMES OF THE IRIS PROCEDURE FOR TREATMENT OF FEMALE STRESS URINARY INCONTINENCE: COMPARISON WITH TVT PROCEDURE

### Hypothesis / aims of study

We evaluated the long-term efficacy and safety of the IRIS (innovative replacement of incontinence surgery, B. Braun Korea & Dow Medics Co., Ltd, Seoul) procedure and compared it with TVT (tension free vaginal tape) for the treatment of female stress urinary incontinence.

# Study design, materials and methods

We included all 111 consecutive women who underwent IRIS (n=51) or TVT (n=60) between January 2002 and December 2003 and followed them up for at least 5 years postoperatively. We analyzed the 5-year success rate and postoperative complications in the IRIS procedure and compared to the results of TVT procedure.

#### Results

The 5-year success rate was 92.2% for the IRIS and 93.3% for the TVT, and the satisfaction rates were 90.2% and 85.0%, respectively. Intraoperative complications for the IRIS group included 4 cases of bladder perforation, and there were 5 cases of bladder perforation for the TVT group. The postoperative complications for the IRIS group included 6 patients with *de novo* urgency, 2 patients with mesh exposure and one patient showed temporary urinary retension. Nine patients with the TVT developed de novo urgency, 2 patients with mesh exposure and 2 patients showed temporary urinary retension.

## Interpretation of results

On the basis of our results, the IRIS may be an effective and safe procedure as compared to the TVT for more than 5 years.

#### Concluding message

#### References

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Is this a clinical trial?	Yes
Is this study registered in a public clinical trials registry?	Yes
Specify Name of Public Registry, Registration Number	Yeungnam University
What were the subjects in the study?	HUMAN
Was this study approved by an ethics committee?	Yes
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Was the Declaration of Helsinki followed?	Yes
Was informed consent obtained from the patients?	Yes