805 MIXED CARE MODEL FOR FEMALE STRESS AND MIXED URINARY INCONTINENCE IN SPANISH PUBLIC HOSPITAL



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In terms of satisfaction, the surveys indicated high ratings for therapist engagement (4.6/5.0), usability (4.3/5.0), perceived benefits (3.9/5.0), perceived safety (4.2/5.0), and product recommendation (4.3/5.0). The overall satisfaction was calculated as the average of these five ratings, resulting in a score of 4.3 out of 5.0.

Interpretation of results

The results highlight the effectiveness of the mixed care model in addressing female stress and mixed urinary incontinence in Spanish public hospital settings. The active engagement and high satisfaction levels among patients underscore the potential of this model in addressing the complex needs associated with pelvic floor dysfunctions.

Conclusions

In conclusion, the implementation of a mixed care model for female stress and mixed urinary incontinence in Spanish public hospitals demonstrates promising outcomes. This model provides a comprehensive approach to addressing the multifaceted challenges of pelvic floor dysfunctions, potentially improving patient outcomes and satisfaction levels. Further research and implementation with a larger and more homogeneous sample of subjects are needed to enhance the management of pelvic floor disorders in healthcare settings in Public System Health.

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