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ANALYSIS OF THE RELATIVE FACTORS AND PSYCHOLOGICAL EXPERIENCE FOR OVERACTIVE BLADDER SYMPTOMS FOLLOWING SURGICAL TREATMENT IN PATIENTS WITH BENIGN PROSTATIC OBSTRUCTION

Hypothesis / aims of study
To identify the relative factors of overactive bladder syndrome (OAB) and intervening measure following surgical treatment in patients with benign prostatic obstruction.

Study design, materials and methods
100 patients after prostatectomy had OAB symptoms are discussed as research group. According to 1:1 proportion random selection of hospitalized 100 patients with the same period without postoperative OAB symptoms as control group. Compared between the two groups in age, the operation method, preoperative OAB happen, operation time, average size, resection of prostate balloon catheter size, the prostate gland size, residual urine, Qmax, rinses quantity, the tube jam number, lien urethral catheterization time, relieve pain pump application number, constipation number, preoperative DO exist differences.

Results
Prostate surgery in patients with symptoms in age, OAB operation time, the prostate gland size, residual urine, rinses quantity have no statistical difference (P > 0.05); Operation method, preoperative symptoms, lien exists OAB catheterization balloon note water volume, urethral catheterization lien time is long, rinses quantity, postoperative lien catheters obstruction (P < 0.005), is prostate factors following surgical treatment in patients with benign prostatic obstruction.

Interpretation of results
Prostate postoperative symptoms occur OAB related with many factors, prevention should be performed around the time of perioperative period aimed at the above factors.

Concluding message
Prostate postoperative symptoms occur OAB related with many factors, prevention should be performed around the time of perioperative period aimed at the above factors.

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