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# SEXUAL FUNCTION ASSESSMENT IN MIDDLE-AGED WOMEN WITH PELVIC FLOOR DISORDERS(PFDS) USING THE CHANGE OF SEXUAL FUNCTION QUESTIONNAIRE (CSFQ): A PILOT STUDY.

## Hypothesis / aims of study

To assess sexual function in middle-aged women with PFDs

# Study design, materials and methods

Cross-sectional study of 72 women aged 40-65 years, with PFDs, who completed a socio-demographic questionnaire and the CSFQ.

#### Results

29 pre and 43 postmenopausal women (years since menopause 6.0 [16] yr) were studied due to the following findings: 30 (41.7%)stress urinary incontinence(SUI),4 (5.6%)urge urinary incontinence(UUI),22 (30.6%) mixed urinary incontinence(MUI) and 43 (60.6%) to some degree of prolapsed [cystocele 32(74.4%),uterine descend 6(14%) and rectocele 3(7%)].Others complaints include vaginal dryness(23.1%), dyspareunia (22.2%)and genital bleeding during sex(3.1%) from a total of 56 women(88.9%) who were engaged in sexual relationships.Two partners had erectile dysfunction.A 77.8% of women presented total CSFQ-14 scores ≤ 41,suggesting sexual dysfunction.

#### Interpretation of results

Bivariate analysis or Spearman correlations of CSFQ scores (lower score worse sexual function) were significantly related with premenopausal status and SUI and inversely related with age (r: -0.523), years since menopause (r: -0.275) and parity (r: -0.148). However , when a multiple linear regression analysis was performed to obtain best-fit model predicting total CSFQ-14 total scores (sexual function/dependant variable) including independent variables found to be significant during bivariate analysis, years since the menopause was the only significant factor to explain 21.4% of the variance (B coefficient:-0.816; r<sup>2</sup>:0.214).

## Concluding message

In women with PFDs sexual function worsens with years since the menopause. Further studies are needed with a larger sample of women

#### **Disclosures**

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