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IMPACT OF TREATMENT WITH STATIN ON PROSTATE VOLUME AND LOWER URINARY TRACT SYMPTOMS: 3-YEAR FOLLOW-UP

Hypothesis / aims of study

Statin decreases cholesterol synthesis, which could prevent cardiovascular disease associated with hyperlipidemia. Statins may also affect lower urinary tract function by relaxation of prostatic smooth muscle1, increase of blood flow to lower urinary tract2 and decrease of prostate cell growth and survival³. Therefore, we investigated the impact on prostate volume and lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) of statin use in patients with benign prostatic enlargement (BPE).

Study design, materials and methods

We retrospectively reviewed and analyzed the medical records of patients ≥ 40 years old who were firstly diagnosed with BPE by health screening program including prostate check-up at the Heath Promotion Center and received annual health screening program at least 3 years. We excluded the patients with a history of taking a medication for BPE treatment including α-blockers, 5-α-reductase inhibitors or anticholinergics, other urological condition (cancer, urologic surgery, neurogenic bladder, urinary tract infection). For prostate check-up in our institute, the patients were assessed by serum PSA, prostate volume measured via transrectal ultrasound and International Prostate Symptom Score (IPSS). We investigated the changes in serum PSA, prostate volume and IPSS according to statin use.

Results

In this study, we enrolled 119 statin users and 45 non-statin users. Two group demographics were similar at baseline (Table 1). The changes of prostate volume from baseline was 1.67±3.76cm³/year in non-statin user group and 0.15±4.56cm³/year in statin user group, which was statistically significant (p = 0.045). There was no statistically significant difference in the prostate transition zone volume (1.08±3.12cm³/year vs. 0.19±2.71cm³/year) between two groups. The change of PSA was 0.18±1.58ng/mL/year in non-statin user group and -0.06±0.45ng/mL/year in statin user group, which was no statistically significant. The difference of total IPSS score was 0.17±4.02/year in non-statin user group and -0.22±3.6/year in statin user group, however there was no statistically significant. There were no statistically significant differences between two groups in IPSS subscores (voiding score and storage score) and the proportion with increase in total IPSS socre ≥ 4 during follow-up.

Interpretation of results

Statin is not effective in the treatment of men with LUTS, although statin tends to reduce prostate volume over 3 years in patients with benign prostatic enlargement.

Concluding message

Statin is not effective in the treatment of men with LUTS, although statin tends to reduce prostate volume over 3 years in patients with benign prostatic enlargement.

Table 1. Patient demographics and characteristics

Variables	Statin drug use		n volue
	No (n=119)	Yes (n=45)	− <i>p</i> -value
Age, years	52.60 ± 7.44	53.93 ± 7.62	0.309
BMI, Kg/m ²	24.83 ± 2.44	25.13 ± 1.78	0.456
Waist circumference, cm	88.83 ± 7.00	89.21 ± 4.67	0.736
Cholesterol, mg/dL	196.33 ± 38.24	205.05 ± 34.25	0.253
Hypertension (%)	24 (20.2)	21 (46.7)	0.001
Diabetes mellitus (%)	11 (9.2)	9 (20)	0.105
PSA, ng/mL	1.28 ± 0.80	1.47 ± 2.32	0.444
Total prostate volume, mL	27.29 ± 7.67	28.59 ± 7.57	0.332
Prostate transitional volume, mL	11.60 ± 4.72	12.56 ± 4.53	0.247
Total IPSS score	9.05 ± 7.10	8.07 ± 5.87	0.433
Voiding score	5.48 ± 3.35	5.05 ± 5.16	0.064
Storage score	3.16 ± 2.37	3.35 ± 2.67	0.561
QoL score	2.04 ± 1.26	2.31 ± 1.37	0.750

References

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Funding: none Clinical Trial: No Subjects: HUMAN Ethics not Req'd: retrospective chart review Helsinki: Yes Informed

Consent: No