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# MANAGEMENT OF ANTERIOR AND POSTERIOR COMPARTMENT DEFECTS FOR LAPAROSCOPIC AND VAGINAL FIXATION OF THE VAGINAL VAULT. A RETROSPECTIVE STUDY

#### Introduction

After fixation of the apex, there are high prolapse recurrence rates of the anterior or posterior compartment. Until now there is no consistent method which enables a systematic approach to the decision whether further compartments should be treated during prolapse surgery of the vaginal vault. The first aim of this study was to find out if a concomitant repair of the anterior and posterior compartment is always necessary when performing a fixation of the apex. The second aim was to investigate if it is possible to detect a concomitant defect preoperatively in the anterior compartment with perineal ultrasound.

#### Design

23 Women who were patients in our department were included in our study. 10 women were operated laparoscopically, 13 were operated vaginally with the method of Amreich- Richter. A POP- Q examination, perineal sonography and urodynamics were performed preoperatively for every patient. Intraoperatively, two further POP-Q examinations were performed before and after the fixation of the apex. The results of POP-Q and perineal Ultrasound were compared retrospectively with the intraoperative reports. Also the results of POP-Q and preoperative perineal ultrasound were compared.

### Results

The intraoperative POP-Q was 1-2cm larger in both groups compared to the preoperative scores. The total vaginal length was 2cm longer in the laparoscopic/robotic fixation than in the vaginal method. 10 % of the cyctosceles detected in the POP-Q could not be seen with perineal sonography and were not confirmed in the surgical report.

# Conclusion

The preoperative POP-Q examination should be complemented by perineal ultrasound.

In order to be able to make a better decision concerning the necessity of a concomitant repair of another compartment during a vaginal operation, a fixation of the apex before the colporrhaphy is desirable.

#### <u>Disclosures</u>

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