August 22-26,	1999
Category No.	7
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29th Annual Meeting

Video Demonstration Denver, Colorado USA

## Rcf. No. 507

## **Abstract Reproduction Form B-1**

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Title (type in CAPITAL LETTERS)

PREVALENCE OF OVERACTIVE BLADDER IN A WOMEN'S HOSPITAL POPULATION.

<u>Aims of Study.</u> The objective of this study consists in valorate some epidemiological aspects of the overactive bladder in women who search for external gynecological medical assistance in our Hospital.

<u>Methods</u>. A precodified questionnaire was used. The questions were performed only by one observer to women over 18 years of age searching for external gynecological medical assistance in a period of 3 months.

<u>Results.</u> Of a total of 200 women who went under the questionnaire 28% presented urinary incontinence as a symptom. From these patients those who had two or more clinic diagnostic criteria of overactive bladder were selected. 87% associated stress incontinence elements and 13% had a clinical overactive bladder as a unique and isolated urinary condition. A peak incidence was observed between 30 and 50 years of age. 26% had familiar history of urinary incontinence.

<u>Conclusions</u>. The prevalence of overactive bladder found was 13%. The major incidence was found between 30-50 years of age. 1 from 4 patients presented familiar history of urinary incontinence.

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