ULTRASONOGRAPHIC AND URODYNAMIC COMPARISON OF TENSION-FREE VAGINAL TAPE AND TRANSOBTURATOR TAPE PROCEDURE FOR THE TREATMENT OF STRESS URINARY INCONTINENCE

Hypothesis / aims of study

The purpose of this study was to compare tension-free vaginal tape (TVT) and the TVT-Obturator (TVTO) procedures.

Study design, materials and methods

We reviewed eighty-two women with urodynamically proven stress incontinence undergoing either TVT (n=53) or TVTO (n=29) without concomitant surgery. All subjects received urinalyses, 1-hour pad tests, perineal ultrasonographies, urodynamic studies and validated Questionnaires before and one year after surgery.

Results

Mean operative time was significantly shorter in the TVTO group (16.8 ± 10.7 min vs 28.6 ± 6.9 min, P<0.01; Unpaired t-test). The subjective and objective cure rate were comparable for the TVT and TVTO groups (P= 0.085 vs 0.19, respectively; Fisher's exact test). At rest or during Valsalva, the middle of the TVTO tape localized more distally than that of TVT on ultrasound (P<0.01; Unpaired t-test). A higher rate of urethral kinking during straining was noted in the TVT group compared with the TVTO group after surgery (87% vs 25%, P<0.01; χ^2 test). Following TVT, maximum urethral closure pressure increased significantly (83.6 ± 24.6 cmH₂O vs 69.2 ± 25.9 cmH₂O, P<0.05), but this was not the case in the TVTO group (67.8 ± 15.0 cmH₂O vs 63.2 ± 12.3 cmH₂O, P>0.05; Paired t-test).

Interpretation of results

With comparable cure rates, TVTO has the advantage over TVT with shorter operative time. However, the TVTO tape results in a lower rate of urethral kinking and less urethral compression.

Concluding message

With comparable subjective and objective cure rates, TVTO has the advantages over TVT with shorter operative time. However, the TVTO tape is at a less of an acute angle and localizes to a more distal part of urethra, resulting in a lower rate of urethral kinking and less urethral compression.

Specify source of funding or grant	The authors appreciate that this study was supported by the grants from Kaohsiung Municipal Hsiao Kang Hospital (kmhk-95-013).
Is this a clinical trial?	Yes
Is this study registered in a public clinical trials registry?	Yes
Specify Name of Public Registry, Registration Number	KMHK-IRB: A95100546
What were the subjects in the study?	HUMAN
Was this study approved by an ethics committee?	Yes
Specify Name of Ethics Committee	IRB of Kaohsiung Municipal Hsiao-Kang Hospital
Was the Declaration of Helsinki followed?	Yes
Was informed consent obtained from the patients?	Yes